

COLLEGES DYING  
European War's Crushing Effect.  
Dr. Hibben, of Princeton, Gives Facts.  
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# MURPHY WILL YIELD STATE LEADERSHIP

To Retire Long Enough to  
Let Administration Aid  
Glynn with Dignity.

## ANTI-MURPHY MEN STILL SCEPTICAL

Wilson's Typewriter to  
Aid Bryan and Daniels  
on Stump for Ticket.

## FOLEY EXPLAINS MURPHY'S PLANS

Says the Chief Will Maroon  
Himself in Wigwam, Aban-  
doning Even The Bronx.

Thomas F. Foley, one of Charles F. Murphy's spokesmen and one of his chief lieutenants, yesterday denied that Mr. Murphy would retire from politics and turn the reins of leadership of Tammany Hall over to Thomas F. Smith. But he made the significant statement that Mr. Murphy would "in the future" refrain from dictating policy in the Democratic party outside of New York City, leaving to Governor Glynn the task of directing the policies of the party throughout the state.

Mr. Foley, having reference to the statement of one of the biggest financial men in the city, who is one of the real powers in Tammany Hall, and a warm friend of the Tammany Hall leader, that Murphy would retire, so that the cry of Murphy and Murphyism could not be raised against Governor Glynn in his campaign, said:

"There is nothing to it." Then Mr. Foley added:

"But this is true: Mr. Murphy will confine himself to Manhattan Island in the future. He has definitely and positively made up his mind to do that. The rest of the boroughs and the state will be looked after by the Executive aid of the state, Governor Glynn, who should be and is the leader in the Democratic state politics."

Anti-Murphy Democrats in this city stated Mr. Foley's statement with delight. They saw in it only a subtle attempt on the part of Mr. Murphy to make it appear that Governor Glynn and not Mr. Murphy was directing the Democratic state machine.

Even Kibb Will Help.

"But even the effacement, or the apparent effacement, of Mr. Murphy from control of the state machine will permit some of us to get out and work with less embarrassment for the Democratic ticket," said one of these Wilson Democrats.

"This announcement of Mr. Foley says to me, as an official, and the most retirement of Mr. Murphy into the city and his of the sixty-one county leaders will not be displacing news to many of us, who, while hating Murphy and all that Murphy stands for, will be glad to work for the party this fall."

While this Wilson Democrat was speaking, word came from Washington that Secretary of State Bryan and Joseph Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, might stop the state this fall for Governor Glynn.

This news was taken to mean that Mr. Murphy would actually retire from active control of Governor Glynn's campaign, and would not openly direct the Democratic state machine until at least after election.

One Democrat opposed to Mr. Murphy's leadership, and who was until recently a member of the Democratic State Committee, said to a reporter for The Tribune yesterday:

"The installation of Mr. Smith as successor to Mr. Murphy would not shake the anti-Murphy Democrats any more than the continuance of Mr. Murphy himself as the dictator of Democratic politics in this state. This is the fact. Mr. Foley, which I read this afternoon, is laughable."

"Imagine Mr. Murphy confining himself merely to directing the affairs of the party on Manhattan Island, leaving the rest of the state to Governor Glynn! The statement of Mr. Foley is absurd. As has been said within the last few days, the only way to retire Mr. Murphy is to defeat Governor Glynn at the polls this fall."

Wilson Men Rally To-night.

This Democrat, who is allied with the Wilson Democrats, who threw their support to John A. Hennessy and the rest of the Hennessy ticket in the last primaries, in their efforts to beat Mr. Murphy's ticket, said that one of the most important meetings of Wilson Democrats would be held at a hotel in this city to-night.

At this meeting, which takes place during a dinner at which William Jennings Bryan will be the guest of honor, Mayor Mitchell, Dudley Field Malone and other anti-Murphy Democrats, leaders in the Wilson Democratic movement in this state, will attend.

While Mr. Bryan himself did not take the stump against Governor Glynn, and the rest of Mr. Murphy's hand-picked ticket in the recent primaries, did Mr. Wyvell, who made many speeches in the same platform with Mr. Hennessy and was pointed to by the Hennessy faction as proof that the Wilson administration was behind them in the last election, will also be present at this meeting.

Great secrecy was maintained by those who made arrangements for this

Continued on page 1, column 1

# New York

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1914.

## RICHARD CROKER EXPECTED TO-DAY Former Chief of Tammany Comes to Attend Funeral of His Wife.

Richard Croker will arrive here to-day on the Campania to attend the funeral of his wife, whose body was brought here from Austria. He will put up at the National Democratic Club. He has reserved his old suite at the club which he founded and where all Democrats of any importance gathered during his regime.

Mr. Croker, who ever since his retirement as leader of Tammany Hall has kept a close watch on affairs here, is a bitter foe of Charles F. Murphy, and in a letter soon after the last election to the late Senator Fox said "the Hall can never win under Murphy."

Local politicians speculated yesterday whether his coming at this time would mean that he would throw his weight with the anti-Murphy Democrats who are trying to oust the present head of Tammany.

## SAME BULLET HITS TWO Man and Woman Among Victims of Westchester Hunters.

Three persons were shot, two with the same bullet, by careless hunters yesterday, Alfred J. Brewer, of Cold Spring, being wounded the worst. He was shot in the abdomen in Westabuck by his cousin, John F. McLeod, of that village, with whom he was hunting.

Thomas R. Jackson, of Tompkins Cove, was slightly wounded in the right leg, near Highland Falls. The same bullet lodged in Mrs. Wilbur M. Atkinson's left leg. The bullet was fired by a hunter, who had evidently failed to see them through the brush.

## AFIRE, FLEES RESCUERS Man, with Clothes Blazing, Leads Crowd Chase.

With his clothing ablaze and shrieking for help, Benjamin Wolf, of 104 East 104th st., rushed up to Patrolmen Weigand at the corner of 109th st. and Lexington av. last night. "Close on the heels of Wolf came Abraham Levy, of the same address, carrying a heavy blanket. Levy and the officer mothered the flames and Wolf was taken to Harlem Hospital, where his recovery is said to be doubtful.

Wolf had attempted to press and clean some clothes while his wife and child were in the room. A blaze which incidentally started in the apartment was extinguished by the Fire Department before much damage was done.

## STABS HER TO HEART IN STREET Anti-Murphy Democrat in this City Slays School Teacher Then Tries Suicide.

Schenectady, Oct. 2.—Antonio Pontano, a Porto Rican student at the Albany law school, to-night stabbed and killed Miss Bessie S. Kromer, of Schenectady, a grade school teacher in this city, and inflicted three wounds in his breast which are expected to prove fatal. The stabbing occurred in Albany st. in full view of several persons.

In a statement at the hospital Pontano said he had lived in the teacher's home in Schenectady previous to entering the law school two years ago. He had intended to marry her until she engaged an attorney to prevent him from paying her attention. This angered him, and caused him to murder her. An autopsy showed he had inflicted fifteen wounds in the woman's body.

## RAIN EXPECTED SOON Umbrella Makers Planning to Go on Strike.

Despite the fact that there has been little or no rain for several weeks, the Umbrella Makers' Union has formulated demands and appointed a committee to present them to the employers. Harry Berman, the organizer, after a crowded meeting at 161 Clinton st. yesterday, said if the demands were not granted at least 4,000 workers, mostly women and young girls, would go on strike.

The workers want a 50-hour week, instead of the present 56-hour week, an increase in wages of from 15 to 20 per cent, and the end of the system which makes them pay for the power, needles and thread which they use.

## I KILLED AS AUTO UPSETS ON HILL Man Crushed to Death Under Car — Another Victim Fatally Injured.

A seven-passenger touring car owned by John Liebers, and contractor, of 233 Fort Washington av., got beyond the control of the chauffeur on the steep hill of Riverside av. The Bronx, last night and tipped over. One man, pinned under the heavy machine, was instantly killed. The chauffeur and the other occupant are in Fordham Hospital.

The dead man was Joseph Rice, a clerk, of 5 West 120th st. His skull was fractured. The chauffeur, Harry Coburn, lives at 261 Kingsbridge Road, The Bronx. He has a fractured skull, and is not expected to live. The other man, Joseph Fitzpatrick, a clerk, of 523 West 181st st., escaped with a broken right leg and numerous bruises.

Liebers' car later he was not aware of. The car had taken the car out.

The trio were coming south in Riverside av. when the accident happened. On the hill at 238th st. the car suddenly overturned completely over. Fitzpatrick, who was riding in the tonneau with Rice, was thrown several feet, as was Coburn.

Bicycle Patrolman Burgoyne, of the Kingsbridge station, got Dr. Erick, of Fordham Hospital, as soon as possible, and Coroner Healy was also called to the scene. The car was badly damaged.



NEW YORK, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1914.

# Allies Press von Kluck's Army to Within 25 Miles of Frontier; Russians Report Signal Successes

## KAISER'S ARMY PRESSED BACK BY RUSSIANS

Repulsed in Every Effort  
to Advance Beyond  
Poland Border.

## FIERCE FIGHTING OVER LONG FRONT

Hand-to-Hand Engagements  
Mark Attacks at  
Several Points.

## BAD ROADS HINDER RETREAT OF ENEMY

German Guns Mired in Mud and  
Troops Keep Battle Lines  
with Difficulty.

[By Cable to The Tribune.]  
Petrograd, Oct. 3.—Following yesterday's news of the complete rout of the German forces on the East Prussian border comes information that the enemy is advancing in force from Silesia.

German outposts extending for nearly a hundred miles yesterday reached the line Piotrkoff-Stolpna to a point due north of Zarnoff. To judge from the direction of the advance of the German outposts, it may be inferred that the main blow is to be directed toward the upper reaches of the Vistula.

Indeed, the enemy has little choice in the matter, owing to the necessity of safeguarding its flank from the Russian troops in western Galicia.

According to reliable information the invading armies include at least fifteen army corps, to which must be added the Austrian forces around Cracow.

The plans of Grand Duke Nicholas are not known, but it may be surmised that the Russians will take full advantage of the splendid defensive line of the Vistula.

Petrograd, Oct. 2.—The General Staff has given out the following official communication:

"The Russian troops have continued to repulse the enemy from the boundaries of the governments of Suwalki and Lomza. The engagement has been very fierce west of Symno."

"The German troops that were attacking Osovetz are retreating hastily to the north. Considerable forces of the enemy, of which the bulk arrive from the west, are concentrating in the districts west of the governments of Piotrkoff and Kielce."

"The Russian cavalry and vanguard are reconnoitering energetically through all that region, impeding through vigorous attacks the movement of the enemy. The Germans always endeavor to use the highways in Russian territory, because the other roads, being rough, paralyze their artillery trains."

"An attack by the Russian cavalry against the German vanguard in front of Andrejev, and marching on Kielce, was crowned with great success. The German infantry was caught unawares and is retreating in disorder, pursued by the Russian cavalry."

"The bombardment of Osovetz did damage to only a few private dwellings and a few telephone lines, as the garrison was sheltered by numerous concrete walls."

Hand-to-Hand Fighting.

"The offensive by the Russian troops marching through the forests of Augustowo was not covered by the artillery. South of Augustowo a hand-to-hand engagement took place. It was particularly fierce in the semi-circle between the Bialobrzeg Basin, which was crossed by a Russian column, and the Augustowo Canal near the Bialobrzeg Basin. The issue of this engagement was decided by an attack from Augustowo."

"Northwest of the forest of Augustowo the Russians were compelled to attack the rear guard of the Germans through numerous defiles and in fortified positions, where the Russian infantry received great help from its heavy artillery, which caused great losses to the enemy, who were dislodged from the intrenchments and retired under our fire."

"The battle is proceeding over an extensive front, the Germans occupying positions near Miriamopol and south of Stahutshin."

"In the vicinity of Wreschow the ground is very rough, making it very difficult for the troops to keep their battle lines. This has resulted in a series of individual engagements."

"The advance of the Russian troops is meeting with success everywhere."

Germans from Four Points.

It is the opinion of observers here.

Continued on page 3, column 2

# Tribune

PRICE ONE CENT In City of New York, Newark, Jersey City and Hoboken.  
ELSEWHERE TWO CENTS.

## GERMANS HURL VAST NUMBERS UPON LEFT OF ALLIES NEAR ROYE

Desperate Assaults Break Against Determined Resistance of Defenders, Who Make Advance North of the Somme.

## INVADERS ATTEMPT TO CROSS MEUSE Their Bridge Near St. Mihiel Destroyed—French Forward Movement in Woevre Region Still Continues.

Paris, Oct. 2.—To-night's official announcement shows that the extreme left of the allied armies, exactly three weeks after the beginning of the battle of the Aisne, as the far-reaching engagement is still called, is now within twenty-five miles of the Belgian frontier. The slight retrograde movement described in the following communication still leaves the tip of the line bent, clawlike, inward toward General von Kluck's extended front:

"First—On our left wing one of our detachments which came out of Arras (a fortified town and capital of the Department of Pas-de-Calais) has fallen back a little toward the east and north of that city."

"North of the Somme we have made progress in front of Albert. Between Roye and Lassigny the enemy has directed violent attacks, which have broken against our resistance."

"Second—Quiet prevails along the rest of the front. It is reported that in the neighborhood of Saint-Mihiel (Department of Meuse, twenty miles southeast of Verdun) there remains no enemy on the left bank of the Meuse."

TURNING MOVEMENT MORE RAPID.

The rapidity of the movement of the allied left apparently equals the violence of the fighting mentioned in the official statements, as the town of Arras, evidently seized before to-night's announcement was issued, was one objective, according to the following War Office communication made public this afternoon:

"On our left wing the battle continues with terrific fighting, notably in the region of Roye, where the Germans appear to have concentrated important reinforcements. The action extends more and more toward the north."

"The front of the battle line is now extended into the region to the south of Arras."

"Upon the Meuse the Germans attempted at night to throw a bridge across the river near Saint-Mihiel. The bridge was destroyed by our guns."

"In the Woevre district our offensive continues and progresses step by step, notably in the region between Apremont and Saint-Mihiel."

"On the remainder of the front there have been attempted only partial operations here and there."

BATTLE HEAVIEST IN WEST.

The reports coming from Paris earlier in the week that the results of the Allies' operations were about to be attained apparently were premature, and from all appearances there must be more hard fighting before either side gives way.

The heaviest blows are being given and taken in the western area, especially in the Roye district, where the Germans, having concentrated considerable forces, are offering a stubborn resistance. Earlier in the week they succeeded in occupying the heights near Roye, which, however, they later were compelled to give up.

Along the front from the Oise to the Meuse river, official reports show, only partial operations have been attempted by either side. Frontal attacks by the Allies have, as a matter of fact, been discontinued while the flanks are fighting for ascendancy.

On the Allies' right the Germans have made another attempt to cross the Meuse at Saint-Mihiel, where they got across last week. The German attempt to regain this ground, which they had abandoned when threatened on their flank by troops from Toul, was made yesterday, when they tried to throw a bridge across the river. The bridge, however, according to the official report, was destroyed during the night.

A thrill was in the air to-day all along the extended allied lines. The French and British troops, who for more than a fortnight have been in the closest contact with the Germans, felt that they had accomplished their hard task of preventing the Germans from breaking through the human barrier erected between them and their main objective, Paris, and that this meant eventual victory for the Allies.

ALLIES LIE IN WAIT IN BURROWS.

The lines of the trenches make the battle front appear like deeply scarred fields. The Allies, who early learned the lesson in burrowing, at some places face the Germans within a quarter of a mile. Their field intrenchments offer admirable shelter from the effects of the German artillery. This consequently reduces their casualties and permits them to await in comparative safety the German attacks, which must be made across the open and often at terrible cost.

The fury of the German onslaughts was unabated to-day, especially on the western wing, but their every effort was met with

ASQUITH TELLS OF  
GERMANY'S DEMAND

London, Oct. 3.—Addressing a recruiting meeting at Cardiff last night, Premier Asquith said:

"It is not worth while dying for a lost cause. Surrender voluntarily to your captors and live for your wives and your children, for your native land, for a new and happy Russia."

Francis Joseph Urged to Transfer His Court

Rome, Oct. 2.—A great impression has been produced by a report circulating in diplomatic circles here that the Austrian government, in view of the present situation, is urging Emperor Francis Joseph to transfer the court and seat of government to either Prague or Salzburg. It is asserted that the Emperor dislikes the project because of the effect which would be produced throughout the empire.

Prague is better adapted for a provisional capital, but it is objected to, it is said, because of the hostility of the Bohemians. At Salzburg the Emperor would have a magnificent castle as a residence, but there would be poor accommodations for the government officers.